

Acc. No. 25077.....

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Registered No. P. 97<sup>SOL</sup> H.P. Presd. रजिस्टर्ड नं. पी० ६७

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# राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश (असाधारण)

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्यशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, शुक्रवार, 1 अक्टूबर, 1965 / 11 औषधि, 1886

## GOVERNMENT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH

### VIDHAN SABHA SECRETARIAT NOTIFICATIONS

*Simla-4, the 28th December, 1964*

No. 1-27/64-VS.—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 157 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 1964 read with section 25 of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963 (Act No. 20 of 1963) “The East Punjab General Sales Tax (Himachal Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1964” as passed by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly having received the assent of the President on the 19th November, 1964 is published as Act No. X of 1964 in the Himachal Pradesh Government Gazette for general information.

### THE EAST PUNJAB GENERAL SALES TAX (HIMACHAL PRADESH AMENDMENT) ACT, 1964

(ACT NO. X OF 1964)

AN

ACT

*to amend the East Punjab General Sales Tax Act, 1948 (Act No. XLVI of 1948) as extended to Himachal Pradesh.*

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the East Punjab General Sales

Tax (Himachal Pradesh Amendment) Act, 1964.

**2. Amendment of section 5.**—In section 5 of the East Punjab General Sales Tax Act, 1948, as extended to Himachal Pradesh, in the first proviso to sub-section (1) for the words “eight naya paise” the words “twelve paise” shall be substituted.

*Simla-4, the 28th December, 1964*

**No. 1-26/64-VS.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 157 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 1964 read with section 25 of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963 (No. 20 of 1963) “The Himachal Pradesh Corneal Grafting Bill, 1964” as passed by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly having received the assent of the President of India on the 8th December, 1964 is published as Act No. XI of 1964 in the Himachal Pradesh Government Gazette for general information.

## THE HIMACHAL PRADESH CORNEAL GRAFTING ACT, 1964

(ACT NO. XI OF 1964)

AN

ACT.

*to make provision with respect to the use of eyes of deceased persons for therapeutic purposes.*

Whereas it is expedient to make provision with respect to the use of eyes of the deceased persons for therapeutic purposes; it is hereby enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Fifteenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

**1. Short title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Corneal Grafting Act, 1964.

(2) It extends to the whole of Himachal Pradesh.

(3) It shall come into force on such date and in such area or areas as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

**2. Definitions.**—In this Act unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “approved institution” means a hospital or medical or teaching institution for therapeutic purposes approved by the State Government for the purposes of this Act;

(b) “State Government” means the Administrator of the Union territory of Himachal Pradesh;

(c) “Official Gazette” means the Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh;

(d) “registered medical practitioner” means a practitioner practising any system of medicine and recognised as a registered medical practitioner under any law for the time being in force in India;

(e) “near relative” means any of the following relatives of the deceased, namely, a wife, husband, parent, son, daughter, brother, and sister and includes any other person who is related to the deceased (a) by lineal or collateral consanguinity within three degrees in lineal relationship and six degrees in collateral relationship, or (b) by marriage either with the deceased or with any relative specifically

mentioned in this clause or with any other relative within aforesaid degrees.

**Explanation.**—The expressions “Lineal and Collateral consanguinity” shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indian Succession Act, 1925.

**3. Removal of eyes of deceased person.**—(1) If any person either in writing at any time, or orally in the presence of two or more witnesses during his last illness, has expressed a request that his eyes be used for therapeutic purposes after his death, the person lawfully in possession of his body after his death may, unless he has reason to believe that the request was subsequently withdrawn, authorise the removal of the eyes from the body for those purposes.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), the person lawfully in possession of the body of a deceased person may authorise the removal of the eyes from the body for the purposes aforesaid unless that person has reason to believe—

- (a) that the deceased had expressed an objection to his eyes being so dealt with after his death, and had not withdrawn such objection; or
- (b) that a near relative of the deceased objects to the deceased's eyes being so dealt with.

(3) An authority given under the provisions of this section in respect of any deceased person shall be sufficient warrant for the removal of the eyes from the body and their use for the purposes aforesaid; but no such removal shall be affected except by a registered medical practitioner working in an approved institution who has satisfied himself by a personal examination of the body that life is extinct.

**4. Authority when not to be given.**—The authority for the removal of the eyes shall not be given under section 3 if the person empowered to give such authority has reason to believe that an inquest may be required to be held on the body in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force in that behalf.

**5. No authority for removal of eyes when body is entrusted to person by another only for cremation, etc.**—No authority for the removal of eyes shall be given under section 3 in respect of the body of a deceased person by a person entrusted by another person with the body of a deceased person for the purpose only of its interment or cremation.

**6. Authority to remove eyes when body is lying in approved institution.**—In the case of a body lying in an approved institution any authority for removal of eyes under this Act may be given on behalf of the person having the control or management of the approved institution by any officer or person designated in that behalf by the first mentioned person.

**7. Saving.**—(1) Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Act shall be construed as rendering unlawful any dealing with the body or any part thereof, of a deceased person which would have been lawful if this Act had not been passed.

(2) Any authority for the removal of eyes given in accordance with the provision of this Act shall not be deemed to be contravention of the provisions of section 297 of the Indian Penal Code.

D. B. LAL,  
*Secretary.*